

Feature-Based Dynamic Matching

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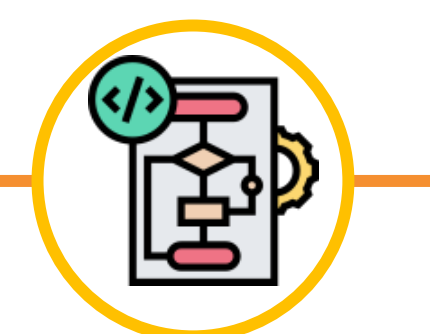
We study a dynamic matching problem in two-sided marketplaces with heterogeneous demand and supply



We assume a spatial structure on the type spaces and the matching quality functions.

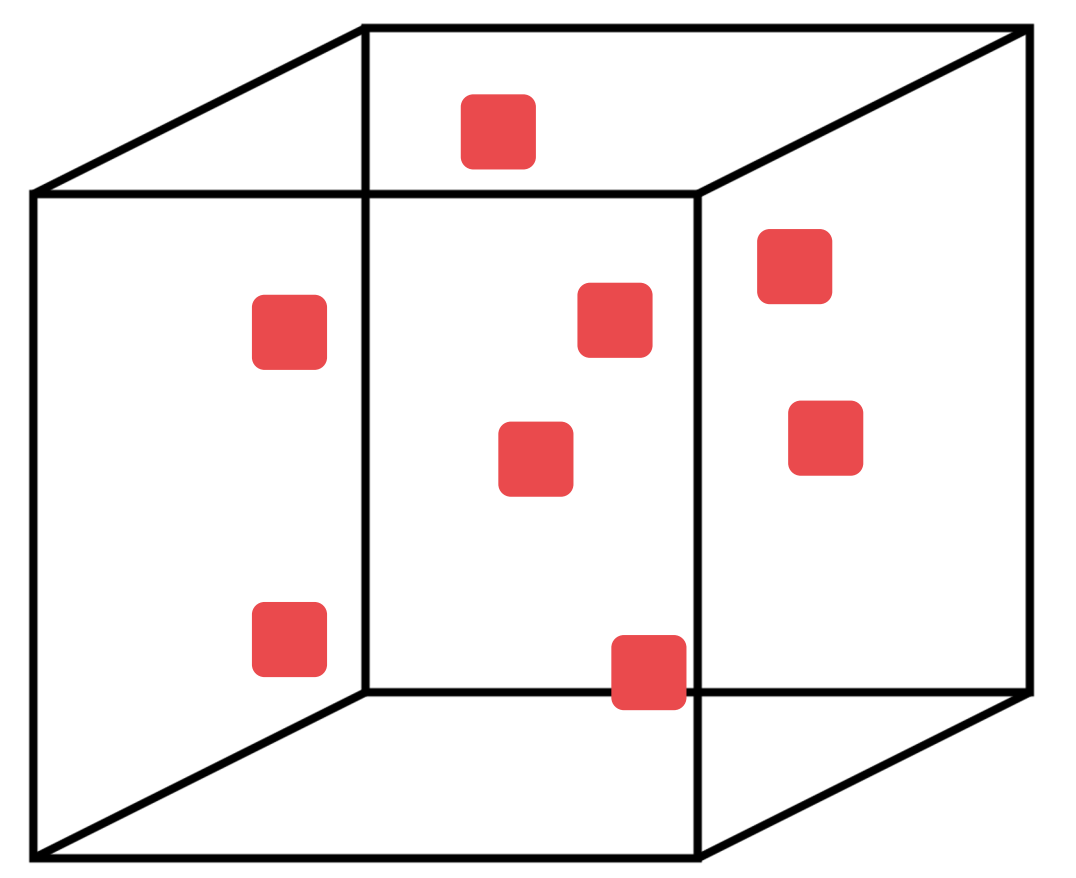


Myopic policies like Greedy can result in highly sub-optimal performance

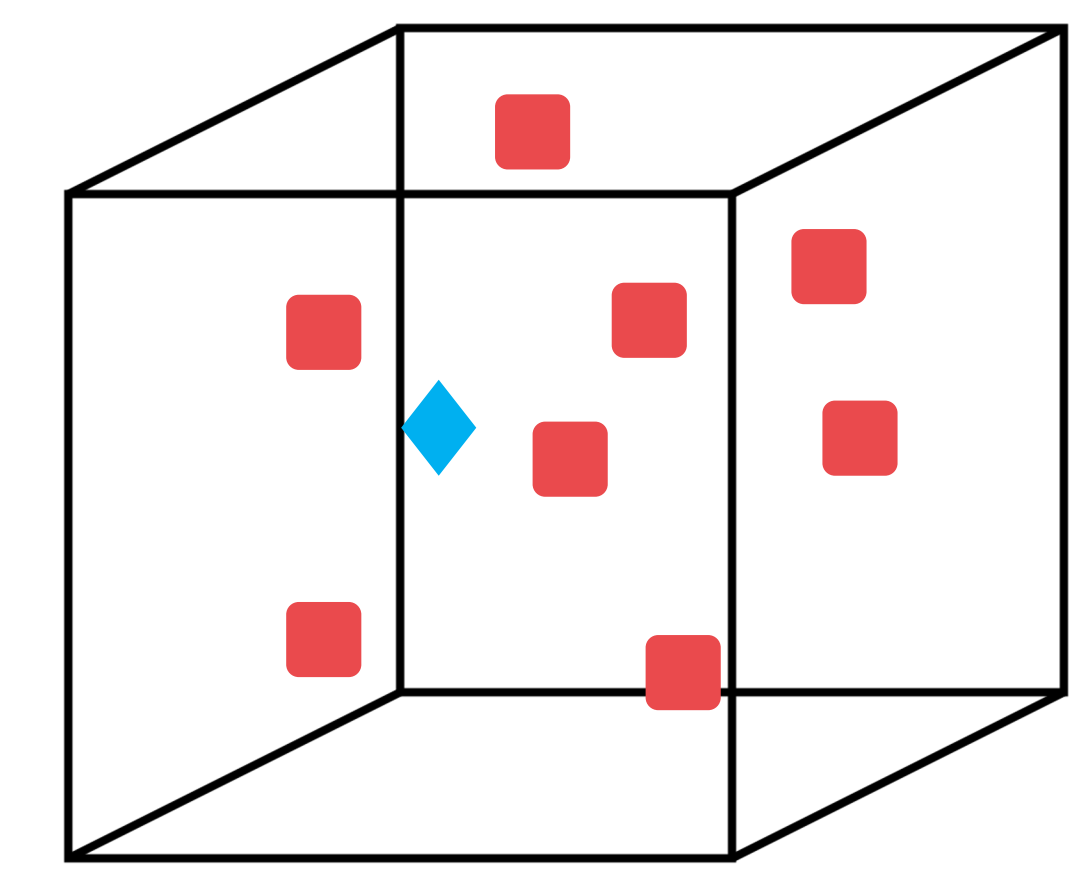


We design a simple and near-optimal simulation-based algorithm called SOAR

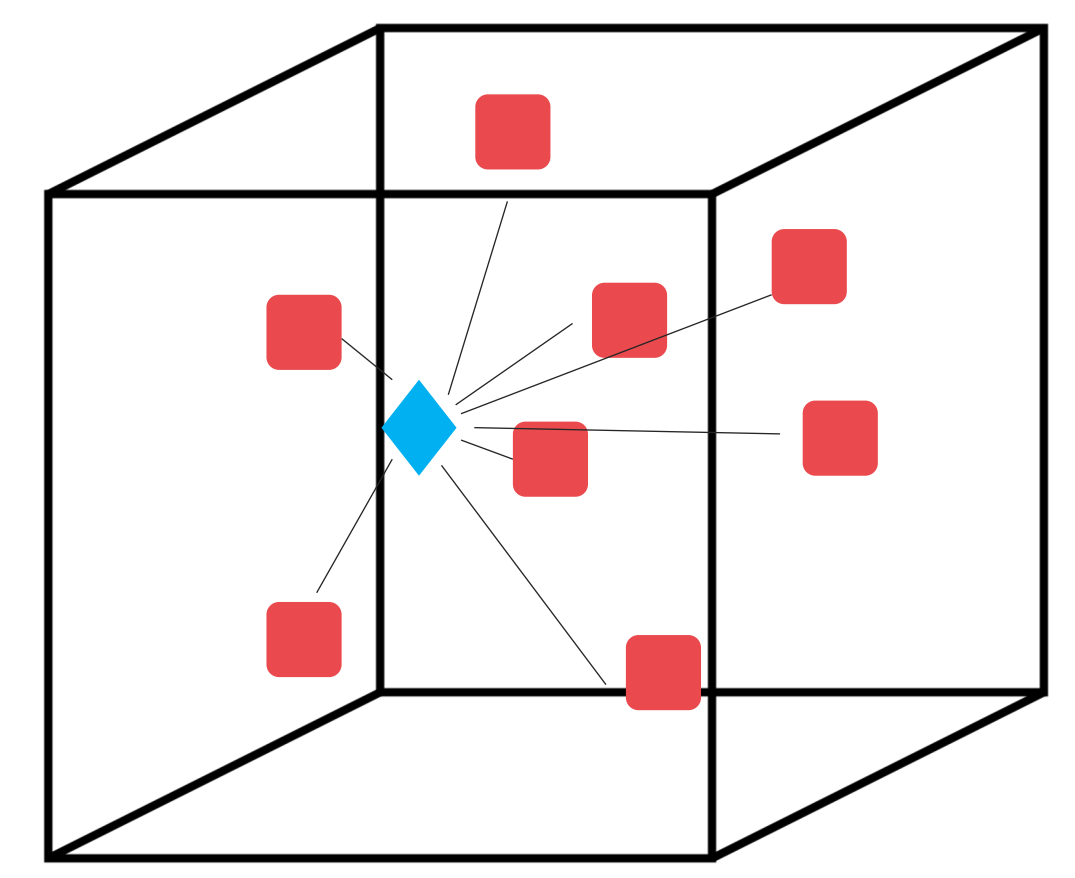
Model & Assumptions



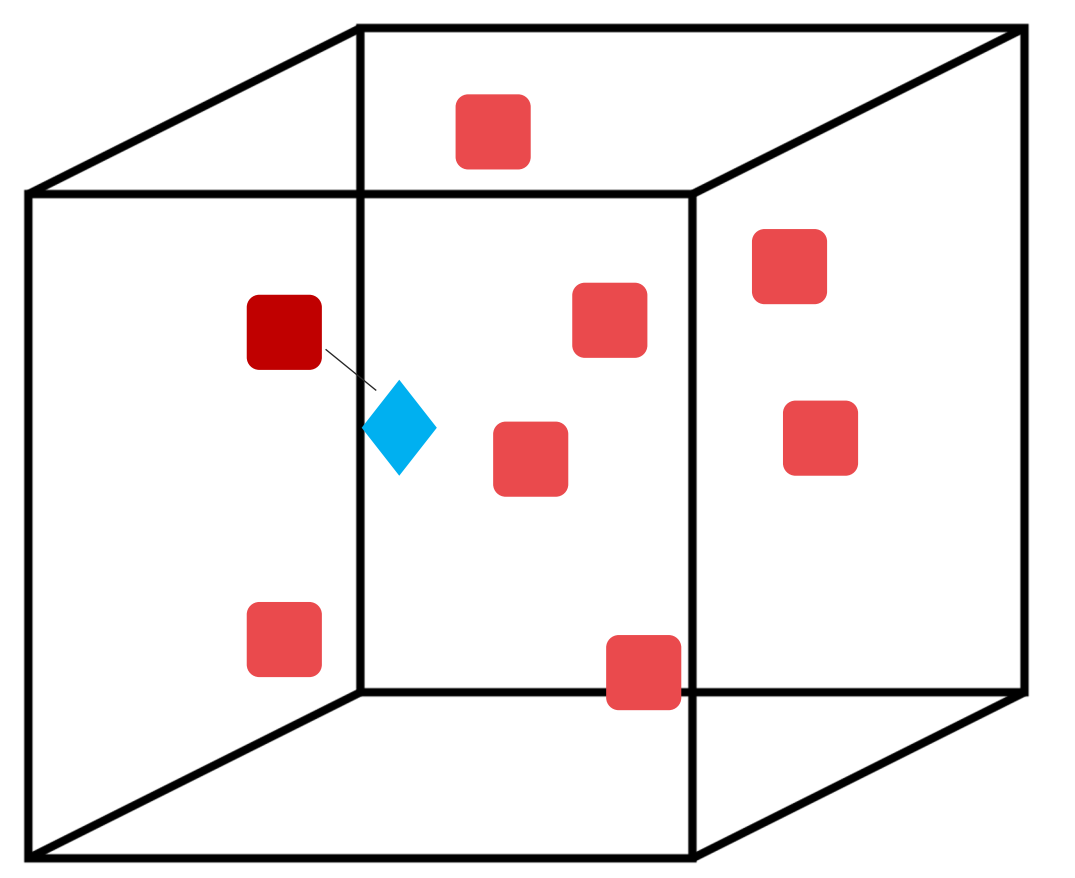
Platform has access to n supply units drawn i.i.d from Q
Each supply unit is a feature vector in a d -dimensional space



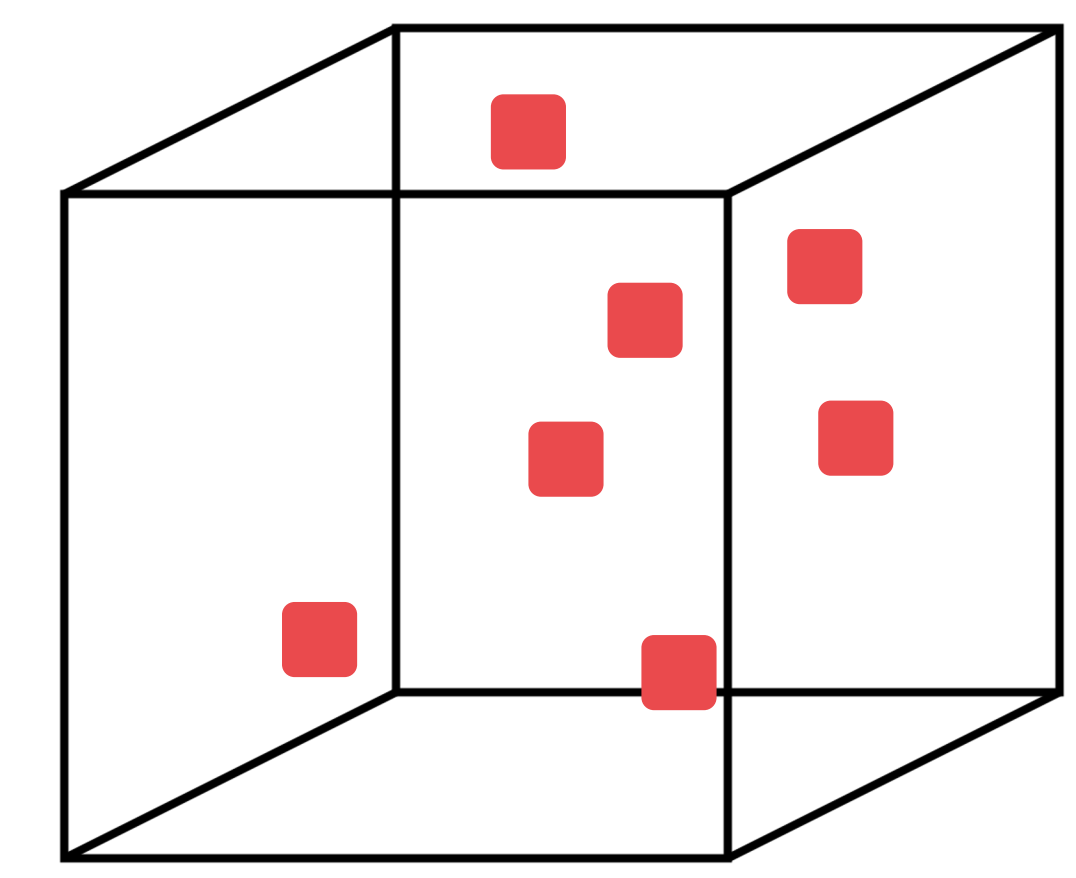
At time t , a demand unit drawn i.i.d from known P arrives
Each demand unit is a weight vector in a d -dimensional space



The platform must irrevocably match a demand unit to supply unit



The match quality is measured by quality function $\varphi(\diamond, \square)$
Example of quality functions $\varphi(X, Y) = \langle X, Y \rangle, \varphi(X, Y) = -\|X - Y\|^p$



The demand and matched supply unit leave upon matching and the process repeats with $n - 1$ supply units till the supply is finished

Performance Metric

Platform wants to minimize regret which is the difference between fluid optimal and expected average match quality with n supply units.

Meta Theorem

Let U_k^{off} denote the expected average matching quality when matching k demand and supply units drawn i.i.d from P and Q resp. Then the expected average matching quality under SOAR is given as

$$U_n^{SOAR} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n U_k^{off}$$

Then the expected regret of SOAR is

$$\text{Regret}(\text{SOAR}) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n (U^{fluid} - U_k^{off})$$

Near-Optimal Regret

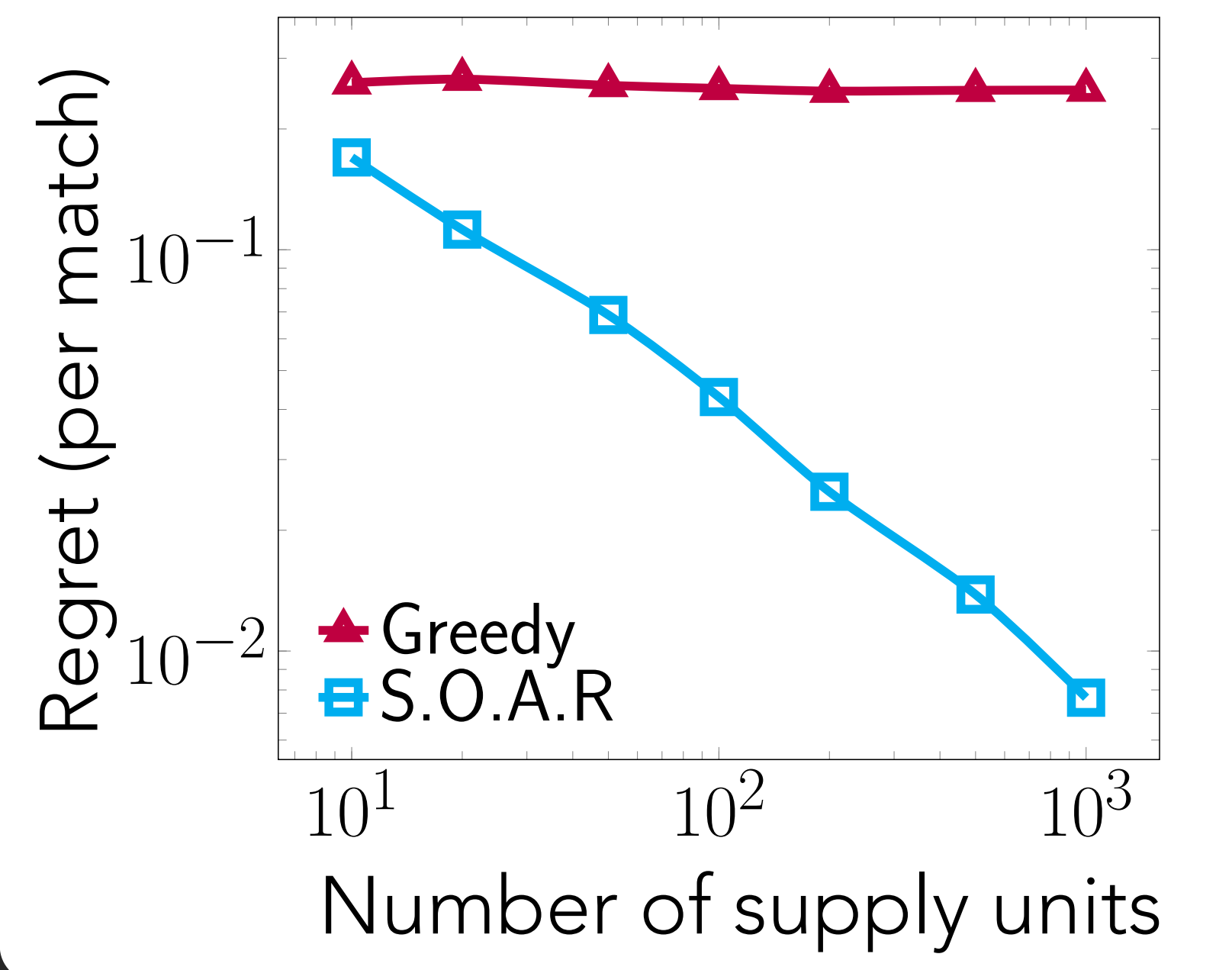
demand and supply distributions are bounded

$$\begin{aligned} \varphi(X, Y) &= -\|X - Y\|^p \\ (\varphi(X, Y) = \langle X, Y \rangle \text{ is a special case with } p = 2) \\ \text{Regret}(\text{Hindsight Opt}) &= \tilde{\Omega}(n^{-\frac{p}{d+2}}) \\ \text{Regret}(\text{SOAR}) &= \tilde{O}(n^{-\frac{p}{d+2}}) \end{aligned}$$

demand and supply distributions are smooth

$$\begin{aligned} \varphi(X, Y) &= -\|X - Y\|^p \\ (\varphi(X, Y) = \langle X, Y \rangle \text{ is a special case with } p = 2) \\ \text{Regret}(\text{Hindsight Opt}) &= \tilde{\Omega}(n^{-\frac{p}{d+1}}) \\ \text{Regret}(\text{SOAR}) &= \tilde{O}(n^{-\frac{p}{d+1}}) \end{aligned}$$

Numerical Performance



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Research Question

How should a centralized platform dynamically match customers with heterogeneous demand and supply?

Answer: SOAR

■ supply unit ◆ demand unit

given k supply units, a demand unit arrives

Simulate

a future demand scenario

Optimize

for the simulated scenario

Assign

based on optimal matching

Repeat

with remaining supply units

